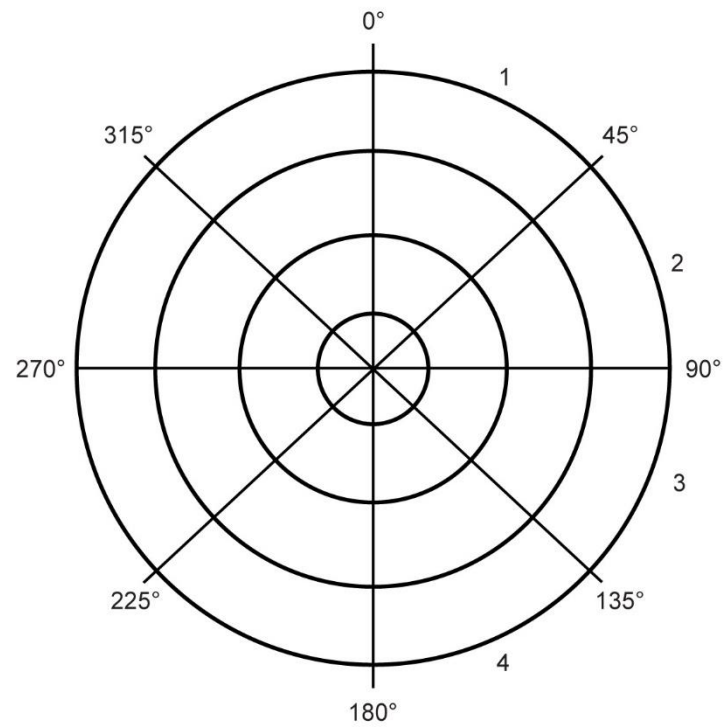


1-12-01-F-02

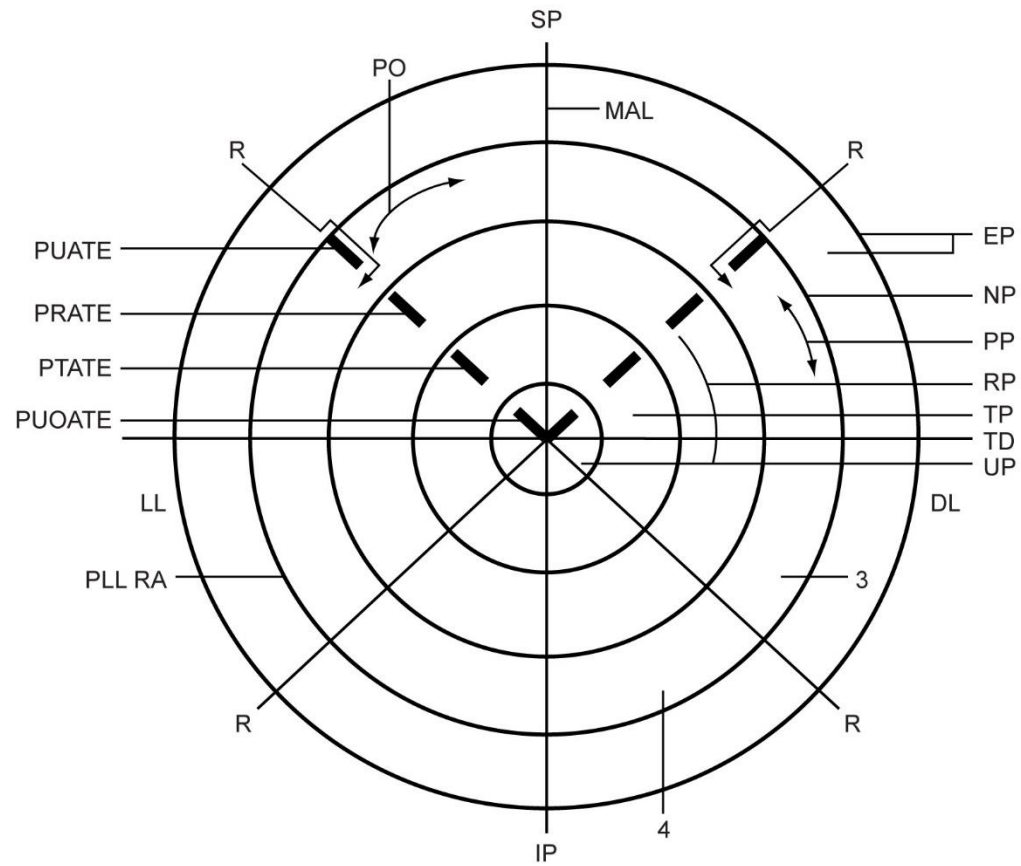


Legend:

1. Superior pole placodal specialization
2. Lateral area of prosencephalic antimeric regional integration
3. Lateral area of encephalic metameric integration
4. Inferior pole, area for reproduction of metamere

To show polarization of prosencephalic primordium.

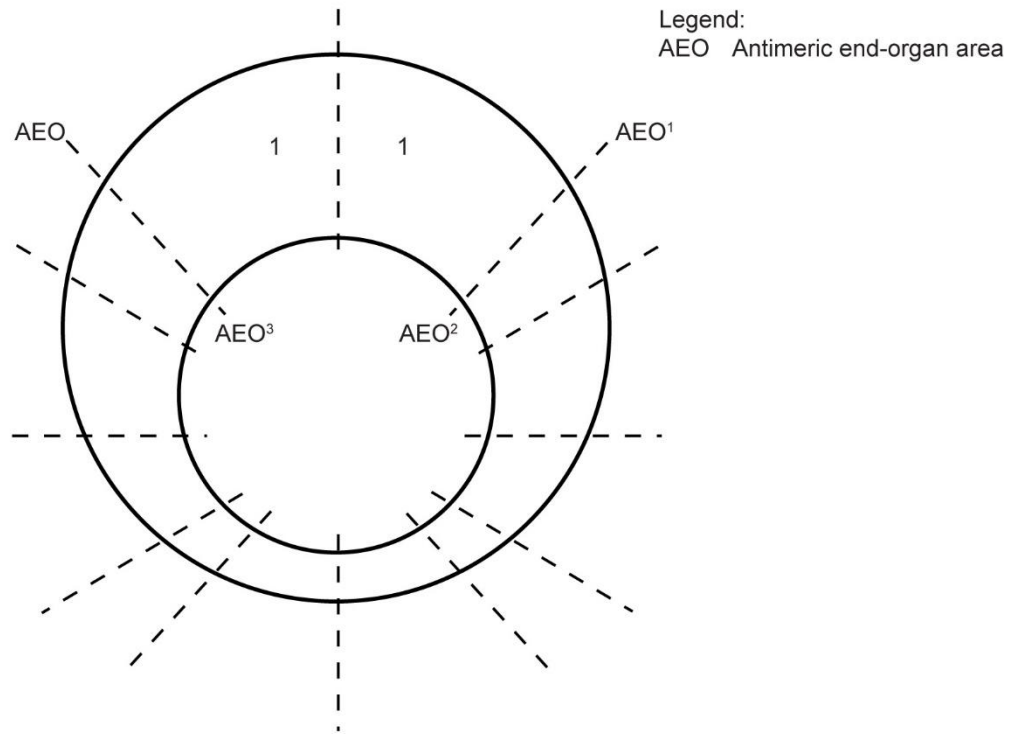
1-12-01-F-04



- Legend:
- SP Superior pole
 - IP Inferior pole
 - MAL Mesial axial line
 - TD Transverse diameter
 - DL Dextro-lateral
 - LL Levulo-lateral
 - R Radius
 - EP Epidermal prelude
 - NP Neural plate
 - PP Prosencephalic prelude
 - RP Rhencephalic prelude
 - TP Thalamencephalic prelude
 - PUATE Prelude uperprosencephalic antimeric tubular extension
 - PRATE Prelude rhinenprosencephalic antimeric tubular extension
 - PTATE Prelude thalamenprosencephalic antimeric tubular extension
 - PUOATE Prelude uprosencephalic antimeric tubular extension

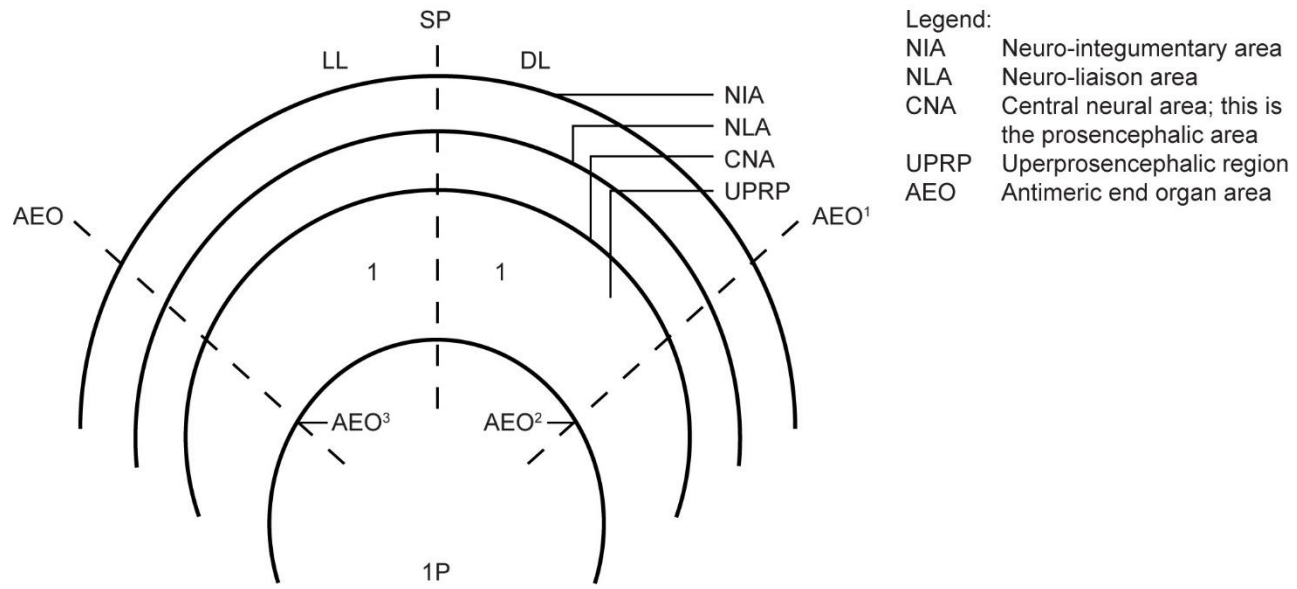
Molecular orientation upper cellular tissue layer.

1-12-01-F-10



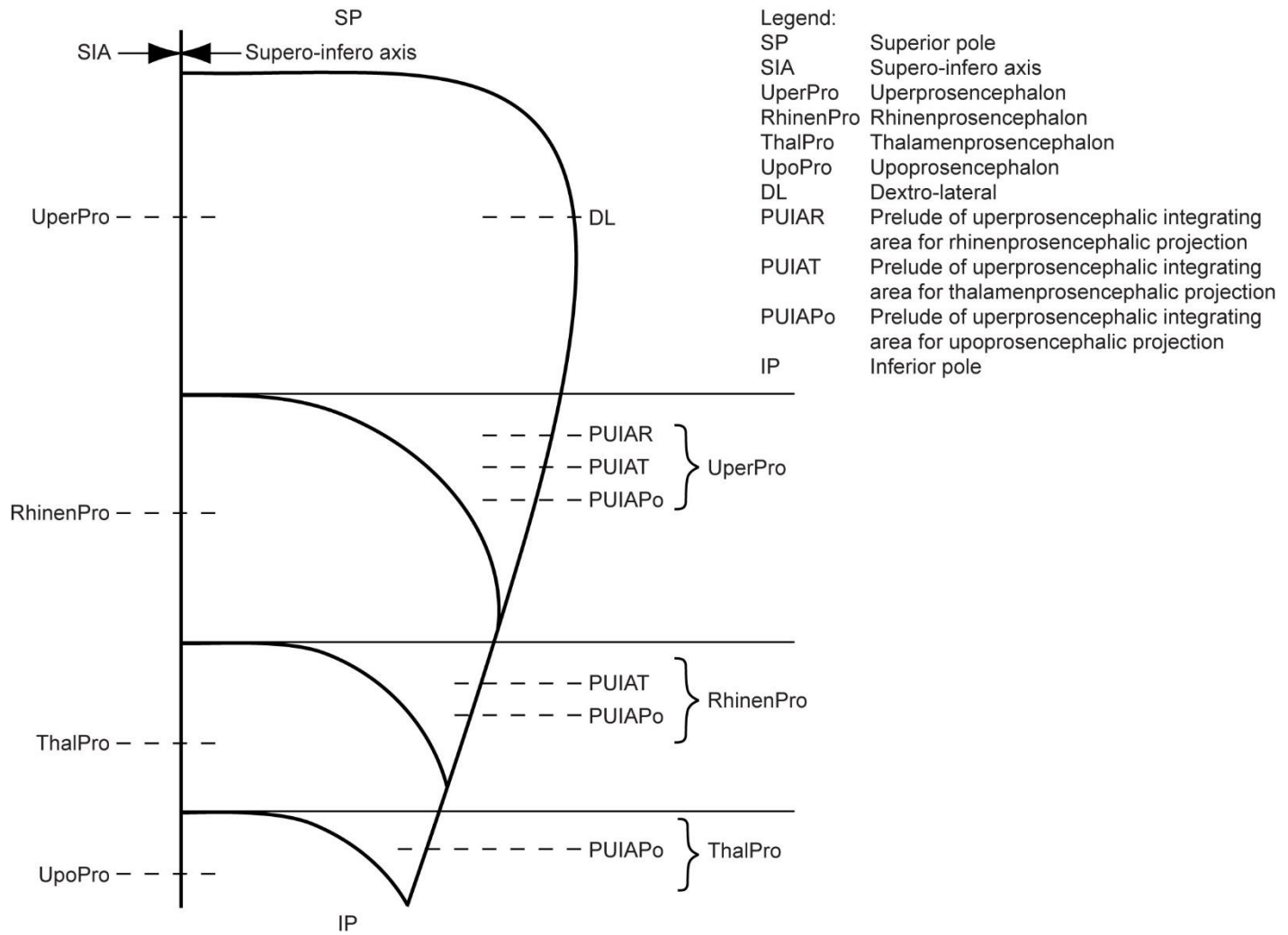
To show that the superior pole of the upeprosencephalic template is also the superior pole of the prosencephalic primordium.

1-12-01-F-11



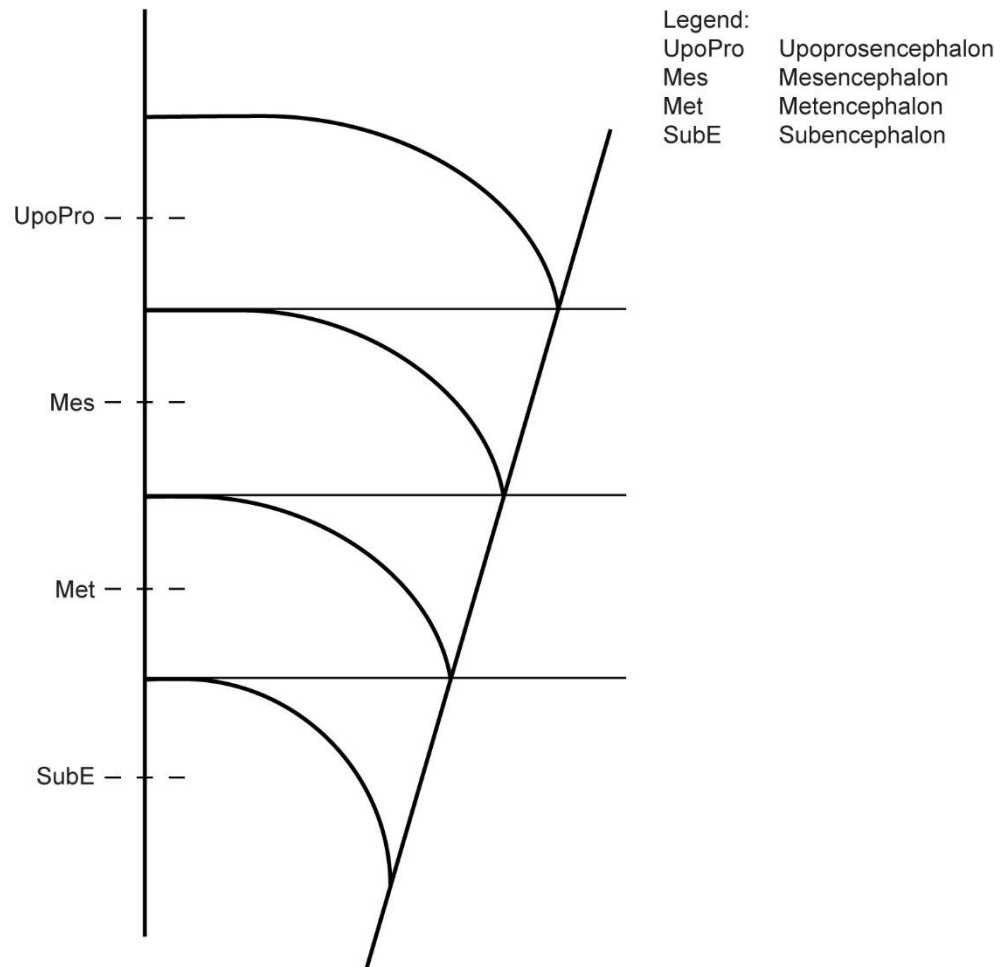
To show related templates: superior pole, central neural, liaison neural, and integumentary neural.

1-12-01-F-15



Schematic diagrammatic to show elongation and upper layer doming.

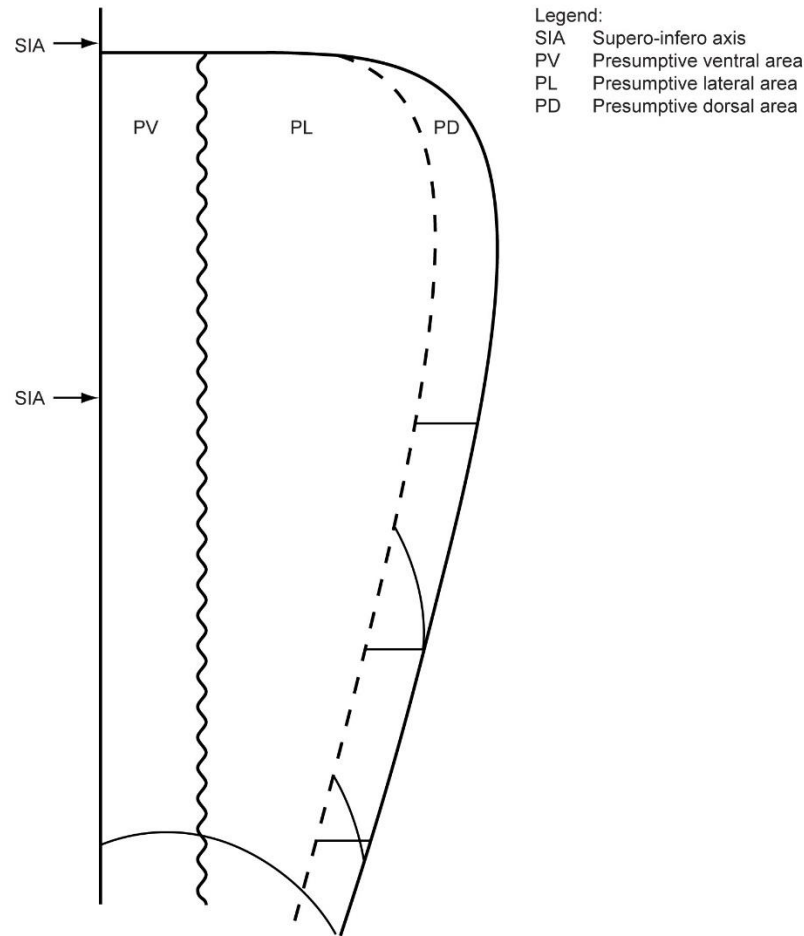
1-12-01-F-16



Continuation of last figure along inferior pole.
To show the scheme of the early mesencephalic metameric segment,
early metencephalic segment, and early sub-encephalon.

ILLUSTRATIONS, BOOK ONE, CHAPTER XII

1-12-01-F-17



Legend:
SIA Supero-infero axis
PV Presumptive ventral area
PL Presumptive lateral area
PD Presumptive dorsal area

Schematic; diagrammatic.

To show the ontogenetic formation of the dorsal portion of the wall of the prosencephalon.

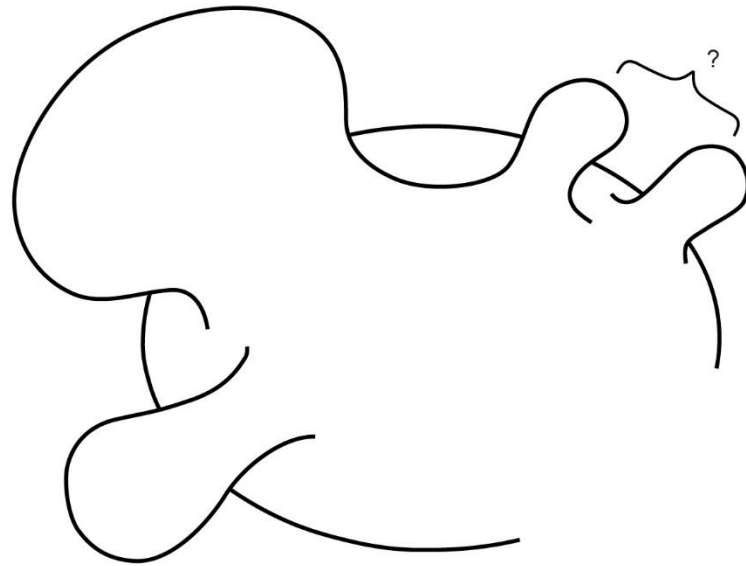
Space between the broken line and the dextralateral margin will become the dextralateral half of the dorsal portion of the wall.

Space between the broken line and the wavy line will become the dextralateral portion of the wall.

Space between the wavy line and the SIA will become the dextralateral portion of the ventral wall.

Cells of association areas of the uperprosencephalon maintain the connections established in the cellular template by the simple means of prolonging a part of themselves as a fibre, as the areas move apart.

1-12-01-F-20

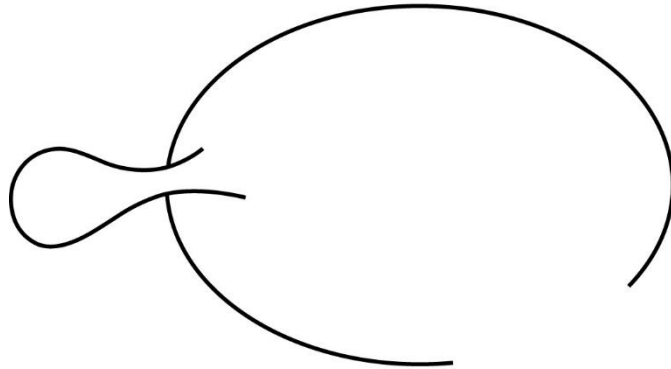


The Light Brain
Antimeric tubular extensions*.

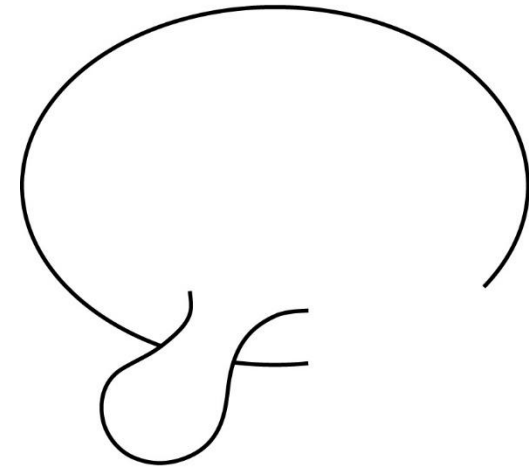
*The “?” in this drawing may refer to Dr. Weaver’s possible change of mind concerning the use of two separate projections to indicate the superior and inferior lobes of the neohomozoan epiphyseal complex.

1-12-01-F-22

1-12-01-F-21

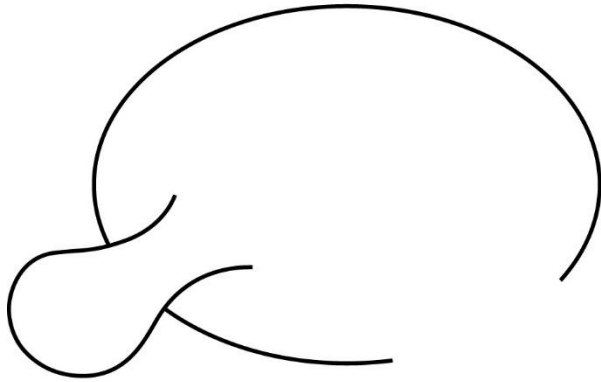


The Oxygen Brain



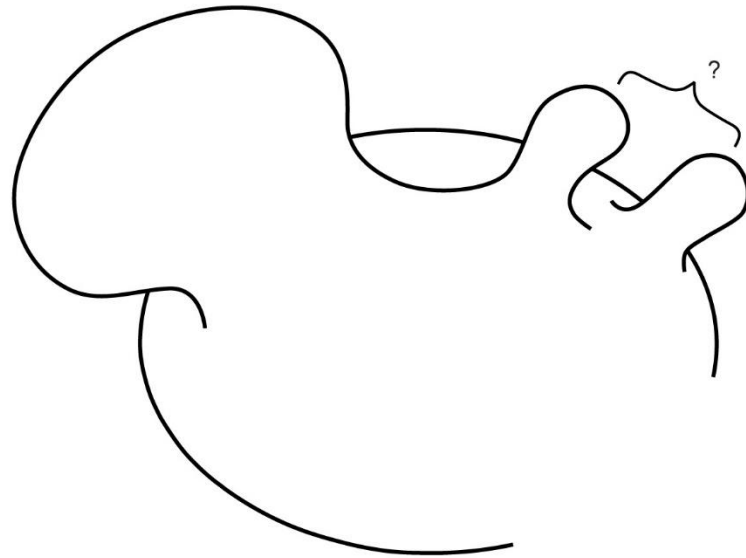
The Metabolite Brain

1-12-01-F-23



The Cosmic Light Brain

1-12-01-F-24



The Epiphyseal Light Brain
Antimeric tubular extensions*

*The "?" in this drawing may refer to Dr. Weaver's possible change of mind concerning the use of two separate projections to indicate the superior and inferior lobes of the neohomozoan epiphyseal complex.